

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The delegations from the several counties of the State hereinafter mentioned, assembled at the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Indianapolis, on the 8th of January, 1848, pursuant to the notice previously issued according to usage by the State Central Committee.

On motion of S. A. Hall of Cass county, the Hon. J. G. READ, of Clark county, was called to the chair pro tempore.

In taking the chair, Judge Read expressed his thanks for the honor conferred upon him. He then briefly alluded to the late action of Congress, upon a resolution proposing the recall of our troops, which had been defeated by a vote of 135 to 41, and upon the inconsistency which this vote developed, when compared with a vote of the same body declaring the war to be unjust and wrong, and that it owed its origin to the unauthorized and unconstitutional course of the President of the United States.

On motion of A. C. Handy, of Shelby, A. G. Solomon, of Marion county, was appointed secretary, and A. J. Hall, of Grant county, was appointed assistant secretary, pro tempore.

On motion of G. W. Lane, of Dearborn, The delegates were called upon to present their credentials:

Whereupon the lists were presented, and read by the secretary, as follows:

On motion of G. W. Lane, as amended on motion of Mr. Berry of Moore,

Resolved, That all democrats present, be invited to take seats and participate in the deliberations of this convention; and that they report their names to the secretary for the information of the convention.

On motion of A. L. Robinson, of Vanderburg, a committee of one from each congressional district was appointed to nominate the permanent officers of the convention.

The following gentlemen, nominated by the convention, were appointed by the chairman, to wit:

A. L. Robinson, J. S. Sullivan, S. F. Cavington, Joseph Leach, J. Tannhill, John W. Cox, M. L. Roach, Thomas Smiley, J. J. Shryock, F. P. Randall.

On motion of J. S. Sullivan,

A committee of one from each congressional district was appointed to propose resolutions, expressive of the sense of the convention upon the political topics of the day.

Whereupon, the following gentlemen were nominated by the convention, and were appointed by the chairman as said committee, to wit:

Nathaniel Albertson, J. S. Sullivan, A. C. Pepper, Jas. Brady, N. Nelson, John Law, A. Wright, Joseph Ristine, Gilbert Hathaway, and Matthew M. Grege, of Wayne.

A. L. Robinson, Esq., from the committee appointed to nominate permanent officers of this convention, reported as follows:

President—Hon. E. H. A. BROWN, of Dearborn.

Vice Presidents—Hon. J. F. DEFOUR, of Switzerland, Hon. J. C. COATES, of Franklin, Francis Little, of Bartholomew, Lor. Day, of St. Joseph.

Secretaries—J. P. CHAPMAN, of Marion, Francis King of Wayne, J. B. HALL, of Dearborn, S. A. HALL, of Cass.

On motion, the name of Maj. Z. TARNER, was proposed by the convention, and added to the list of Secretaries.

The chairman appointed Messrs. Robinson and Stewart a committee to conduct the business of the convention to the chair.

Upon taking the chair, the president presented his thanks to the convention for the honor conferred upon him in a few neat and pertinent remarks, in which he took occasion to enforce the duty of regarding the action of conventions as paramount until some better system should be devised and adopted.

Mr. Kels, of Switzerland, presented a resolution which, on motion of A. M. Crane of Tippecanoe, was amended as follows and adopted:

Resolved, That the delegates from each congressional district meet together and agree upon and report to this convention the names of suitable persons for electors and congressional electors, delegates and contingent delegates to the national convention; and that in making such selection, each county be entitled to a vote equal to that of its representation in the Legislature; and that the delegates from the several districts select a person from each district to form a committee to nominate two electors and two contingents for the State at large, and two delegates and two contingents to the national convention.

On motion, the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

2 o'clock, P. M.

Convention met, and was called to order by the president.

Reports from congressional delegates, under the provisions of the resolution of Mr. Crane, were called for as follows:

FOR CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATES.

1st Dist., Nathaniel Albertson of Harrison co.; contingent, Smith Miller, Gibson co.

2d Dist., Cyrus L. Dunham, Washington co.; contingent, John F. Carr, Jackson co.

3d Dist., W. M. McCarty, Franklin co.; contingent, Isaiah W. Robinson, Ripley co.

4th Dist., Charles H. Wayne co.; contingent, John S. Read, Union co.

5th Dist., James Kitchey, Johnson co.; contingent, H. H. Barbour, Bartholomew co.

6th Dist., Geo. W. Carr, Lawrence co.; contingent, D. M. Dobson, Owen co.

7th Dist., Henry Seibert, Putnam co.; contingent, John B. Clay, Adams co.

8th Dist., Daniel Mack, Tippecanoe co.; contingent, Lorenzo C. Dougherty.

9th Dist., G. N. Fitch, Cass co.; contingent, Gilbert Hathaway, Laporte co.

10th Dist., Andrew J. Harlan, Grant co.; contingent, Morrison Row, Jay co.

DELEGATES TO NATIONAL CONVENTION.

1st dist., James Jackson, Vanderburg co.; contingent, Robert D. Owen, Posey; 2d B. Edmondson, Gibson.

2d dist., E. G. English; contingent, J. H. Sullivan.

3d dist., F. S. Dufour; contingent, E. D. Crookshank.

4th dist., J. E. Perkins, of Wayne co.; contingent, James Elder of Wayne, James Osborn of Union.

5th dist., J. P. Chapman, of Marion; contingent, F. Hardin of Johnson, James Blake of Marion.

6th dist., John R. Jones, of Knox co.; contingent, P. M. Drake, of Morgan co.

7th dist., M. D. Grege, of Hancock co.; contingent, Addison M. Crane, Tippecanoe co.; contingent, Joseph Ristine.

8th dist., Gilbert Hathaway, of Laporte; contingent, John Brownfield, of St. Joseph.

Resolved, That this convention have heard with deep regret of the decease of Hon. ANDREW KENNEDY, late a member of Congress, and more endeared to the people of the State of Indiana by his upright, consistent and honest course as a politician, than by his social and manly virtues, and all that constitutes the Husband, the Father and the Friend.

Resolved, That, in testimony of the high regard entertained for him personally, and in behalf of those whom we represent, we cause this feeble tribute of our feelings to be spread upon the records of this convention, and that a properly attested copy hereof be forwarded to the attested widow of the deceased.

Resolved, That the resolutions reported by a central committee of five, to be named by the chair.

Mr. Line moved to amend by constituting a committee of one from each congressional district to nominate said central committee, and the motion was accepted and the motion was adopted.

The President appointed said nominating committee.

The committee appointed for that purpose, reported the following resolutions, expressive of the sense of the convention, on the political topics of the day, which were adopted:

Resolved, That the administration of the general government, under James K. Polk, the worthy chief magistrate of the Union, and its course in the prosecution of the war with Mexico, and in carrying into operation the revenue and tariff laws, have been characterized by a display of wisdom and sagacity, and a regard for the rights of the people, which abundantly merits the praise and commendation of the great body of the Union.

Resolved, That we approve the determination expressed by the President of the United States, to prosecute the existing war with Mexico, to the end that the Union be preserved, and the rights of the people be maintained.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the Mississippi Valley know no North nor South, but in the noble rivers which flow from the mountains of the West to the Gulf of Mexico, and in the fertile lands which they water, we find a common interest, and a common bond of union.

and to make such other arrangements as may be necessary for an efficient organization of the democratic party throughout the State.

Upon the call of the convention, several of the electors signified their acceptance of the offices to which they had been appointed, in brief and appropriate addresses.

Mr. Joseph A. Wright, of Parke county, was then called upon, and eloquently addressed the convention.

Mr. Crane, of Lafayette, contingent elector for the 8th district, then addressed the convention; after which.

On motion, the convention adjourned till 7 o'clock.

7 o'clock, P. M.

Convention met and was called to order by the President.

On a call, the resolutions reported by the committee were again read by the Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Smith Miller,

On motion of J. A. Wright,

Resolved, That the Editors of the Indiana State Sentinel deserve the thanks of the Democratic party for their efforts during their residence at Indianapolis, as conductors of the public press.

Resolved, That the State of Indiana is proud of the patriotic services and military achievements of Gen. Joseph Lane of this State in the war with Mexico, and the Legislature of Indiana would be performing a merited act of justice in voting him a sword, at its present session.

Passed unanimously, by a rising vote.

On motion of Mr. Stewart, of Carroll,

Resolved, That this convention will now appoint three delegates instead of one from each Congressional District, to represent this State in the next Democratic National Convention.

Whereupon the following additional delegates were nominated and confirmed, to wit:

1st Dist.—Wm. F. Sherrod, of Dubois Co.

2d Dist.—H. Deputry, of Jefferson, and John F. Deputry, of Jefferson.

3d Dist.—James P. Millikin, of Dearborn, Finley Bigger, of Rush.

4th Dist.—John S. Reid, of Union, and Jas. Elder, of Wayne.

5th Dist.—J. W. Aikin, of Sullivan, and P. M. Parks, of Morgan.

6th Dist.—Wm. P. Bryant, of Parke, and C. Y. Patterson, of Vigo.

7th Dist.—G. W. Lawson, of Fountain, and Capt. Robt. H. Milroy, of Carroll.

8th Dist.—S. A. Hall, of Cass.

10th Dist.—Samuel S. Nickle, of Adams.

On motion of G. W. Lane,

Resolved, That great injustice has been done to the Democratic party of the State of Indiana, by the official report of Gen. Taylor, of the Battle of Buena Vista, and that the errors therein stated have been made known to the public, and acknowledged in private conversation, and we call upon him to retract, or acknowledge the error.

The meeting was then addressed by Messrs. Debus, Harlan, Grege, Chalks, Willard, and others, when, at 10 o'clock,

On motion of Mr. Line,

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention be returned to all its officers for the able and efficient manner in which they have discharged their respective duties.

On motion, the Convention then adjourned.

ETHAN ALLEN BROWN, Pres't.

J. F. DUBOIS, Vice Presidents.

J. COATES, Vice Presidents.

FRANCIS LITTLE, Vice Presidents.

LOUIS DAY, Vice Presidents.

J. P. CHAPMAN, FRANCIS KING, S. A. HALL, J. B. HALL, Sec's.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1848.

The Governor's Message and proceedings of the Democratic Convention almost crowded us out of our editorial column this week.

We hope to be through with these long articles, and have more elbow room shortly.

PAUSE ALARM.—A groundless report was circulated in our city on Tuesday last, that one of Mr. Dykes' children had been attacked by the small pox.

Several physicians immediately visited the house, and at once pronounced it to be nothing more than Chicken Pox—and a very slight attack at that!

To show how absolutely ridiculous and unfounded the report was, it is only necessary to state that on the following day the child was quite well and playing round the streets as usual!

Yet this absurd and trifling rumor has spread into the country, and been so exaggerated that we are informed some persons on their way to this city have actually turned back, and gone home without accomplishing their errand.

One man who returned through, informs us that he was told there were 20 cases of small pox in Fort Wayne.

Such stories always appear to circulate like wildfire, and never lose any thing by travelling—as in the case in question—one very slight case of chicken pox has already been magnified into 20 cases of small pox, and we should not be astonished in another week to hear that one half our population was dead, and the other half down with the small pox.

A rolling snow ball does not grow half as fast as an unfounded rumor. People should therefore be very careful how they start such a report—if they do not know it is the fact, they had better say nothing about it; and those who hear such things, instead of spreading them with exaggeration, should receive them with caution, and make due allowances for the number of mouths the story may have passed through before reaching them.

A medical friend requests us to publish the following squib on the subject:

TRANSMIGRATION AND EXTINCTION OF SMALL POX.

One morning this week, two crude physicians, with "quack" cries, called on an old woman in the name of Small Pox, and asked her if she had any of the disease in her house. They inquired if she had any of the disease in her house. They inquired if she had any of the disease in her house.

Wise Convention.—The whig convention of this State assembled at Indianapolis on the 13th inst. We have not seen the proceedings but learn by the Times, that David Kilgore of Muncietown was appointed elector for this District, and Warren H. Withers of the same place (who is so handsomely spoken of by Mr. Wallace, editor of the Rough and Ready) contingent. W. G. EWING is appointed delegate to the National Convention, and H. H. Naff, E. Murray, W. H. Nunn, and ALLEN HAMILTON, contingents.

We don't exactly know how Mr. Hamilton or his political friends may like to see his name at the tail of such a list; but for our part we look upon it as an outrage. The order of the names should be reversed.

The appointment of Mr. Kilgore as elector for this district, settles the question as to who will be the next whig candidate for Congress. Mr. Ewing was determined to run again, and went to Indianapolis for the express purpose of being appointed elector, as that would give him an opportunity to canvass the district and keep himself before the people.

His party however appear to have been satisfied with his past exhibitions on the stump, and had no desire to have him again force himself on them as their candidate for Congress, with an absolute certainty of defeat; they therefore choked him off, and put Mr. Kilgore, a man whom of all others he most hates and fears, in his place. This is rather too bad, after Mr. Ewing's great outlay of money and wear and tear of conscience in the late campaign; but the scripture informs us that the way of the transgressor is hard.

ANOTHER BLOW UP ON THE OHIO!—Thirty Lives Lost!—The Steamboat Blue Bird blew up about one o'clock on Sunday morning the 9th inst. about 3 miles below Gallipolis, and killed from 25 to 30 persons. Some who escaped had to swim ashore, many of them almost naked, and suffered extremely from the cold. The boilers were old and defective, having been in use upwards of nine years.

THE MAILS.—When we first got the letter, which will be found below, we were in hopes that we should have no more occasion to complain of the irregularity of the mails; but we were mistaken. The mail from St. Mary's on Thursday night did not bring more than a handful of letters and papers to this office, and in the meantime there is a cart load of matter left behind for want of mail bags on the Junction route to bring it along.

The trouble evidently originates with the post master at St. Mary's, who for some reason best known to himself, refuses to forward mail matter to this office by the direct and proper route. Our citizens ought to take some steps to have him taught his duty, or make such a representation of his conduct to the Department as would ensure his removal.

We have had no Washington papers since our last, and consequently have no late news from Mexico or from our Congress.

We call the attention of our citizens to the following letter from Mr. McCulloch, who was commissioned by our post master to inquire into the reason of the great irregularity of our mails:

Piqua, Jan. 12, 1848.

DEAR SIR:—I have just called upon the Post Master at this place, and found at this place, about a cart load of news papers destined for Fort Wayne and other points in Northern Indiana and Michigan, but detained here, for want of mail bags, to take them on.

Under the new mail arrangement it became the duty, (as I am advised) of the Post Master at Toledo, to furnish bags for the transportation of the mails, from this place to the Junction. The bags in use during the period of Canal navigation, are not the kind to be carried on horseback, and to anticipate any difficulty that might arise at the close of navigation, the Post Master at this place, some three weeks before the Packets were taken off, wrote to the Post Master at Toledo, desiring that nine bags, for the transportation on horseback, of the mails north, on the line of the canal, would be needed, and requesting him to further them without delay, this latter promise, but up to this time, has failed to do.

Subsequently the Postmaster at this place wrote to the Postmaster General, upon the subject, and was advised, a few days since, that the Post Master at Louisville, Kentucky, had been instructed to furnish him with the necessary bags. As soon as they are received, the papers which have been accumulating here, for a month or two past will be sent forward as rapidly as possible.

Had the Postmaster at Toledo done his duty, there would have been no detention of papers at this point. He did I understand, furnish one bag, about as large as

Commission.
We have created a large and commodious
four story building, well lighted, and are pre-
pared to store quantities of produce, &c. that
may be entrusted to us either for shipment or
sale on commission.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
S. & W. S. EISAILL.
Oct. 9, 1867.

Cash for 20,000 Bushels
OF WHEAT,
At the Empire Mills.

WE are prepared to pay Cash and the
United States Notes for 20,000 bushels of good
merchantable Wheat.
Farmers and Dealers will save themselves
much trouble and expense by bringing their
wheat to the **STORE MILLS** and allowing
us to sell always at the highest market rate and on
terms of cash. If they prefer to be the buyers
and whelper snappers from the Farmers, who can
not sell our stacks and are such a bore to all who

being vital to our method. We are now neighbors
going to housing, and we have no neighbors
left. I have been told that 10,000 bunches of wheat
we could inform what rangers that we used take
in 2000; so our Mill, besides being the best,
is the biggest, the highest, and the strongest
in the country.

Our MILL IS STABLE, for teams coming
to the Mill, and a HOUSE, for the Teamster
we always furnish feed for the horses, and occa-
sionally turn to Supper and Breakfast for the
drivers. This is nothing new with us—we have
always thought of today as one such day.
And mention it if our neighbors had not seen
the example.

We keep constantly on hand FLOUR G
THE BEST QUALITY and all kinds of
Stout, and promptly send orders. We are the
Chicago Custom and Job Flour Exporting Wal-
Oak Tan Bark, or the "face of the Poor."

SMT CHA EDSALN,
Empire Mills, c/o the Board,
Fort Wayne, Sept 6, 1845. 100

LEONARDSCOIT & Co's.,

1857-58

Foreign Periodicals.

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The North British Review,
The Westminster Review,
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

The above Periodicals are reprinted in New York, immediately on their arrival by the Steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine old paper, and are faithful copies of the original Blackwood's Magazine, being an exact facsimile of the Edinburgh edition.

The prices of the Reprints are less than a third of those of the foreign copies, and a single copy equally well worth their cost, all advantage to the American over the English der.

J. F. MESS.

For any one of the four Reviews, 50¢; for any two, do. 1.00
For any three, do. 1.50
For all four Reviews, 2.00
For Blackwood's Magazine, 50¢
For Blackwood & the 4 Reviews, 10.00

(C) - notices and communications made in all cases without expense to the publisher. The former may always be done through the Editor, or by mail, if the latter is so permitted, taking his receipt and forwarding receipt by mail. Post-paid on the money enclosed in a letter. Post-Paid, directed to post paid.

* All communications should be addressed to
[Post paid] LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
Publishers, 112 Fulton St., New York
March 13, 1847. 1526

500 Packages
Drugs & Medicines
H. H. REED is now receiving from
N. York, Boston, Philadelphia, Philad.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

en, Res.
 the Livest.
 was never
 to Buffalo,
 y or both
 CO.
 lo, N. Y.
 A. E. R.
 LLER.
 ly 12